Course Objective

This course, as a continuation of CP 211 the City in History I, aims to provide the students a broad understanding of transformations and processes in the urban past since Medieval era to the present.

Course Content

A Synopsis on European urban tradition, traits of Classical Antiquity
The Islamic Urbanization in the Middle East (500-1500 AD)
Turkification-Islamization process in Anatolia and its implication to urbanization
The Early Medieval City in Europe
The Renaissance City
Urbanization in the World Economy
The urbanization of Ottoman Empire in 16th-17th centuries
Colonial developments, accumulation of wealth: the Mercantalist City
Social and economic processes in Western Europe leading to the Industrial Revolution
Planning approaches in the early 19th century:
  - Synopsis: Industrial city in the early 19th century
- Early utopias: Robert Owen, Charles Fourier
- Pre-industrial forms of planning approaches surviving in 19th century European cities

The origins of modern urban planning:
- Hausmann in Paris (1850-1869)
- Camillo Citte: artistic principles in planning
- Patrick Geddes: The genesis of regional planning

Urban utopias in the beginning of 20th century
Planning experiences before the end of World War II
Post-War planning approaches

Learning Outcomes

At the end of the course unit, the learner is expected to be able to comprehend and explain the conceptualizing of evolution of spatial organization in chronological and comparative analysis with a special emphasis on an Anatolian City in continuum versus to the Medieval, Mercantalist and Industrial City in Europe. The course also presents impacts of technological developments, socio-economic dynamics and planning activities on urban systems and morphology since the beginning of industrial era to the present.